

Topology Tools for Explainable and Green Artificial Intelligence

Rocio Gonzalez-Diaz
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Sixth EACA International School on Computer Algebra and its
Applications

SANTIAGO DE COMPOSTELA, JULY 18-21, 2023



**Topology Tools for Explainable
and Green Artificial Intelligence
(topology inside REXASI-PRO)**

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- Context: Green and Explainable artificial intelligence (REXASI-PRO)
- Computational topology tools: Persistent homology, barcodes, distance bottleneck, simplicial maps, Persistence modules, morphisms between persistence modules
- Partial matchings between barcodes
- Simplicial maps neural networks

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<https://www.slido.com/>

#7058060

<https://colab.research.google.com/>

Combinatorial Image Analysis group

CIMAGROUP

Sevilla, Spain



<http://grupo.us.es/cimagroup>

			
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REXASI-PRO | Reliable & eXplAinable Swarm Intelligence for People with Reduced mObility

HORIZON EUROPE | CALL HORIZON-CL4-2021-HUMAN-01-01

Verifiable robustness, energy efficiency and transparency for Trustworthy AI:
Scientific excellence boosting industrial competitiveness

Type of action: *RIA – Innovation Action*

Proposal Budget € million: *4 (100% for all)*



<https://rexasi-pro.spindoxlabs.com/>

Twitter: @REXASI-PRO

<https://www.linkedin.com/company/rexasi-pro>



GOAL:

To design a novel **safe secure ethical green and explainable** framework to develop an Artificial Swarm Intelligence solution for people with reduce mobility.

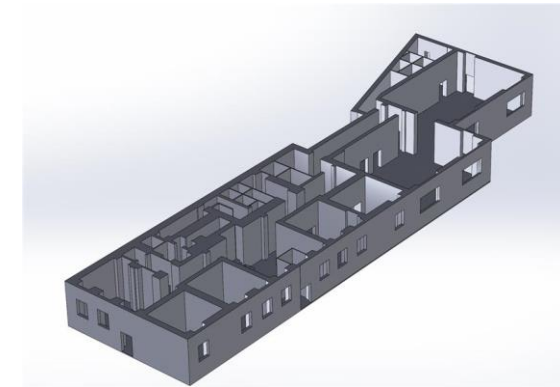
The framework will make a **trustworthy** collaboration among an **orchestrator** and a swarm formed by **autonomous wheelchairs** and **flying robots**.





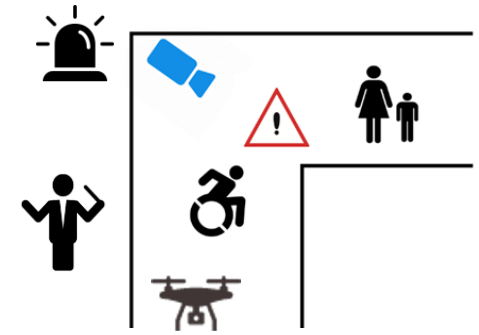
Fleet of intelligent wheelchairs

equipped with sensors to support the user with **safe driving** (braking, automatic collision avoidance or evasion) and **autonomous navigation**



Fleet of indoor drones

NO pilot, **NO** GPS(GNSS), **NO** radio communication and **NO** light
Produce high detail 3D digital models of underground infrastructure: **fast, accurate** and **SAFE**



Use Case



Navigation in crowded environment

AI for Autonomous Wheelchair in different real-time scenarios:

- 1) Safety Assistant;
- 2) Driving Assistant;
- 3) Route Assistant;
- 4) Social Navigation.

New trustable social navigation approaches will be developed.



Flying robot mapping

Flying robots capable of flying autonomously in an indoor/underground environment and generating a map of the building that would be latter used by the wheelchair.

The flying robot will collaborate with an orchestrator with optimal consumption of time and energy.



Collaborative Navigation

Mixed collaborative indoor environment where the swarm communicate with each other in emergency cases.

The swarm would include the wheelchairs, the flying robots, the orchestrator, and intelligent cameras for people detection and crowd monitoring.

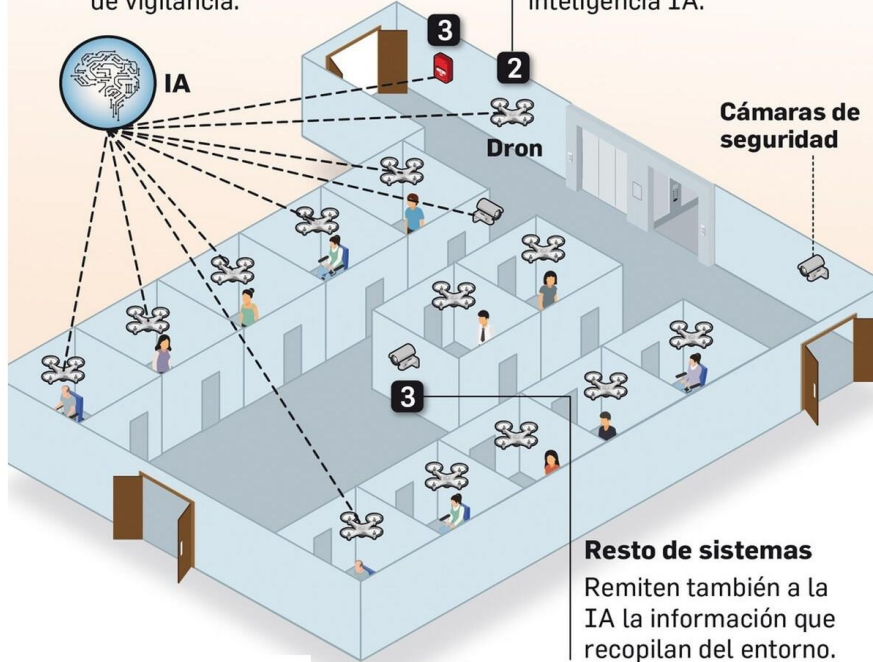
■ Los elementos del sistema

1 Inteligencia artificial (IA)

Es el cerebro del sistema. Recibe e interpreta la información que recibe de los drones y del resto de sistemas de vigilancia.

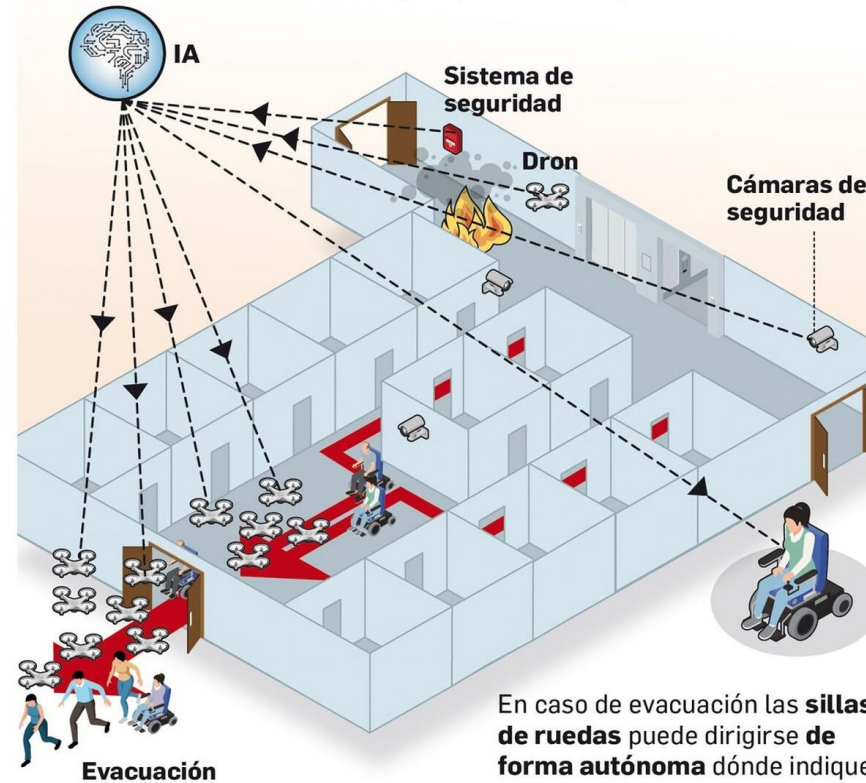
Drones

Mapean el espacio que tienen asignado para ofrecer una representación 3D del edificio a la inteligencia IA.



■ Funcionamiento

La Inteligencia Artificial es capaz de detectar situaciones de emergencia, crear un plan de evacuación seguro, ordenar a los drones e indicar el camino seguro para el desalojo del edificio.



En caso de evacuación las **sillas de ruedas** puede dirigirse **de forma autónoma** dónde indique el humano e incluso la **IA podría controlarlas** si fuera necesario.

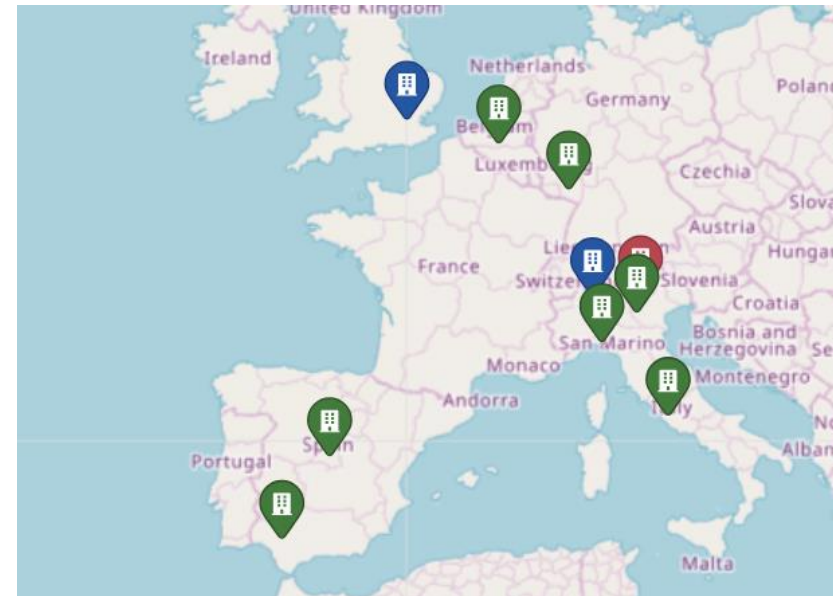


Trabajos realizados por alumnos de la asignatura Modelado y Visualización Gráfica (MVG 2022/2023)

https://twitter.com/REXASIPRO_EU

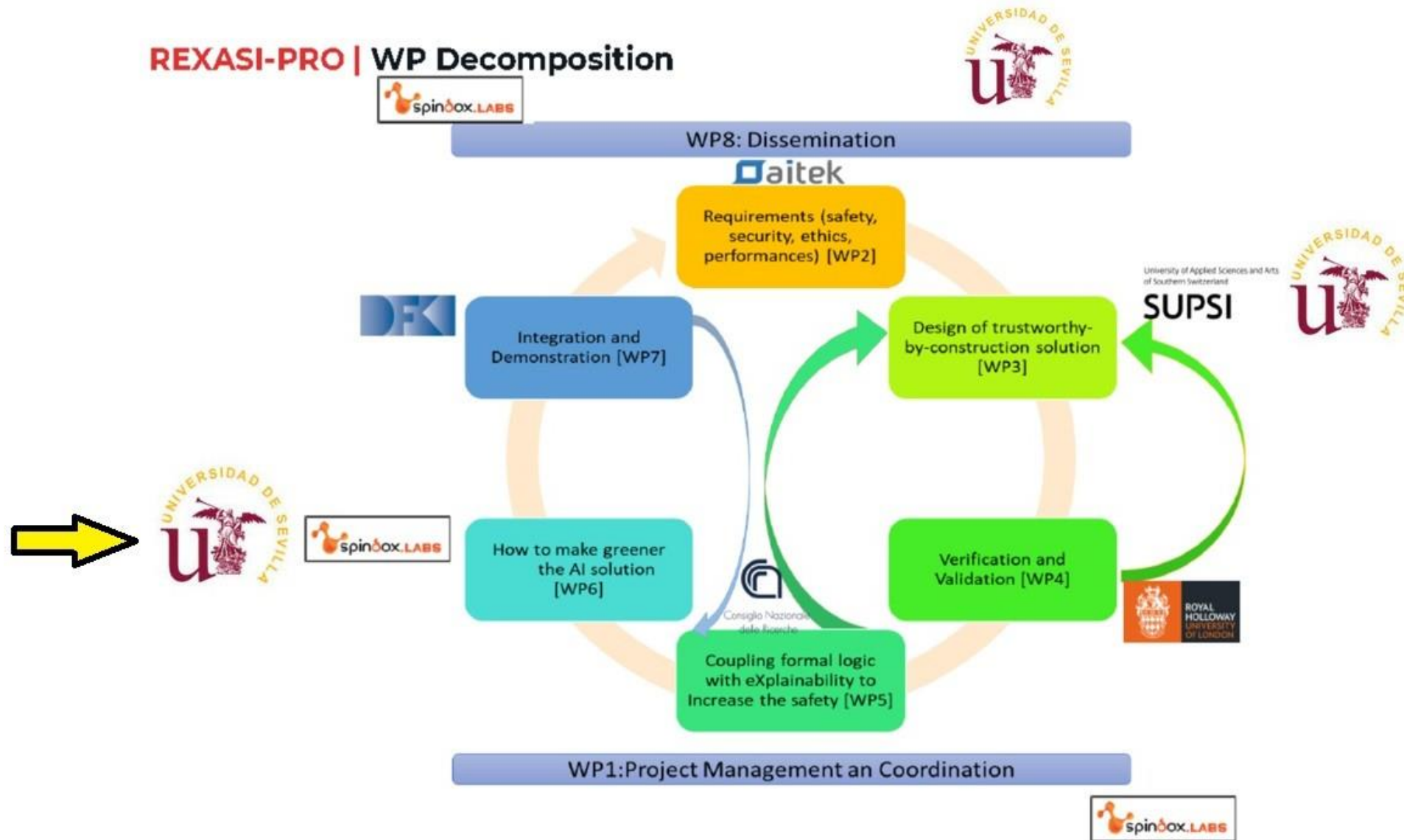
Consortium

SPINDOX LABS srl IT - Coordinator	+
CNR IT (explainability)	+
DFKI DE (wheelchairs)	+
V-RESEARCH NL (secure by design)	+
AITEK SPA IT (safety)	+
KCL UK (verification)	+
USE ES (green and explainability)	+
HOVERING SOLUTIONS ES (drones)	+
EURONET BE (business plan)	+
SUPSI CH (trustable social navigation)	+
SCUOLA DI ROBOTICA IT (ethics)	+



<https://cordis.europa.eu/project/id/101070028>

REXASI-PRO | WP Decomposition



Our goals within REXASI-PRO

Main goal

Use **computational topology** to design new methods to achieve **explainable and green artificial intelligence models**.

Specific Goals

1. Topology-aware reduce the input dataset.
2. Build explainable models based on topology.
3. Simplify the model preserving its learning capacity.
4. Create synthetic samples that can quickly train a model.

Artificial intelligence

Aim: machines that can “think and act” humanly and rationally

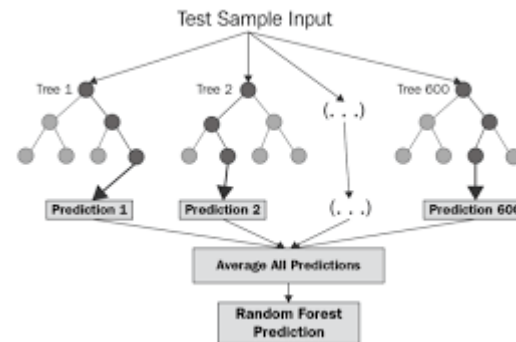
Building blocks: ML models



Machine learning

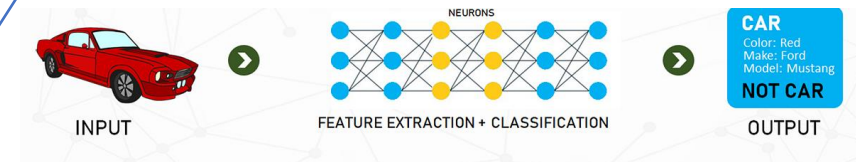
Aim: automatically identify patterns and make predictions or decisions based on the input data.

Examples: Decision trees, random forest, clustering, **neural networks**



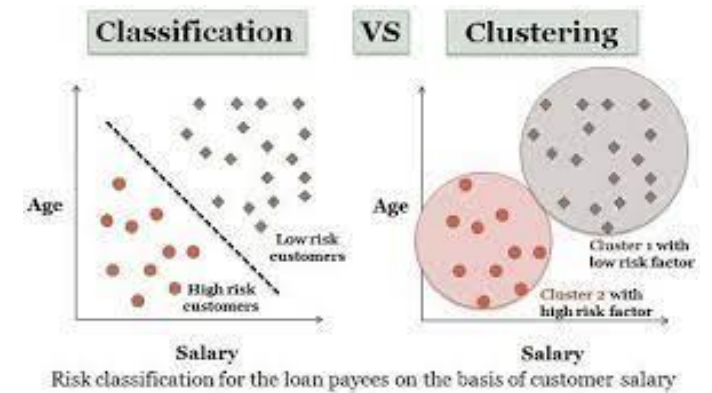
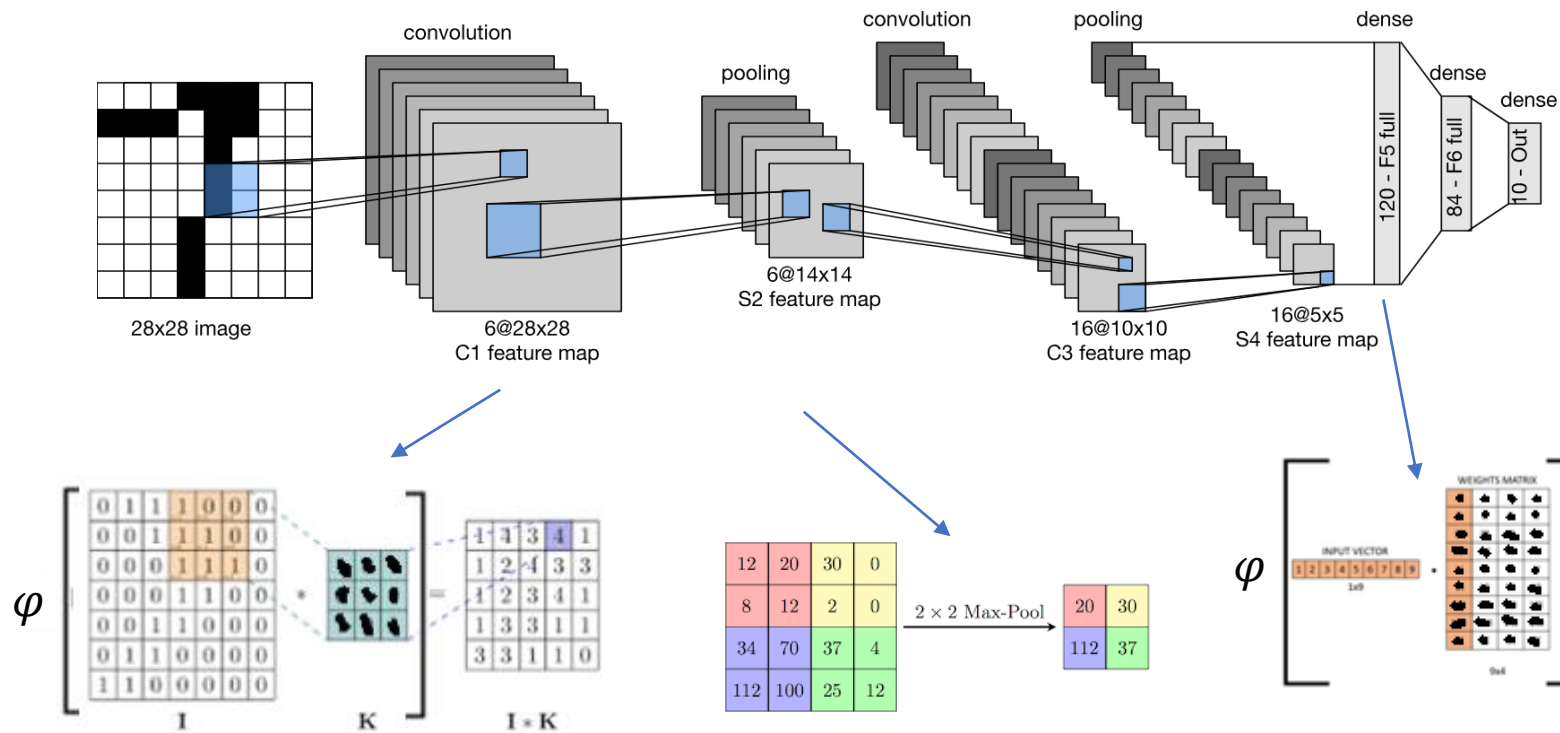
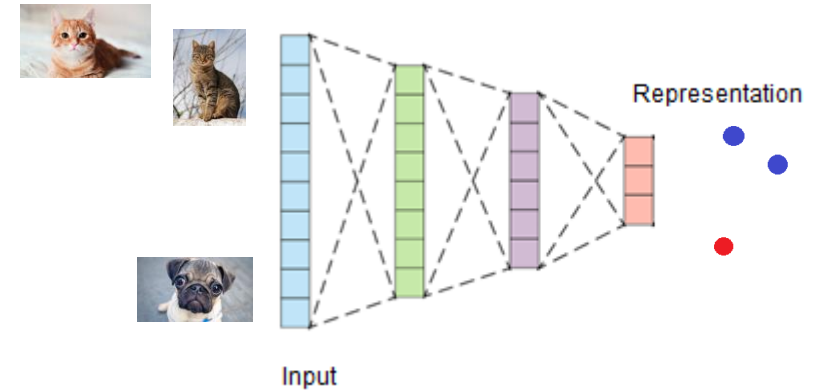
Deep learning

Aim: to learn representations of data



<https://www.ibm.com/cloud/blog/ai-vs-machine-learning-vs-deep-learning-vs-neural-networks>

Deep learning models: LeNet, AlexNet, ResNet, autoencoders, large language models, etc

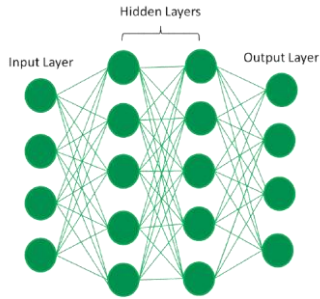


Deep learning models:
representation+classification

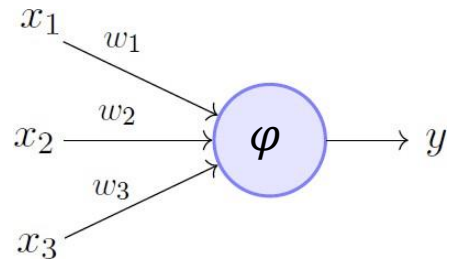
Deep learning

⊂

Neural networks

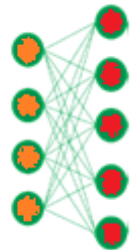


Hidden neuron



$$y = \varphi(\sum \omega_i x_i + b)$$

Layer



$$\mathbf{y} = \boldsymbol{\varphi}(W \mathbf{x} + B)$$

Input: $\mathbf{a} = (a_1, \dots, a_n)$

Activation function φ

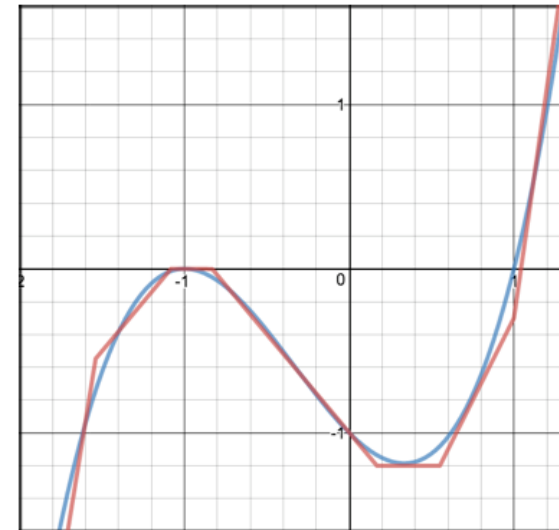
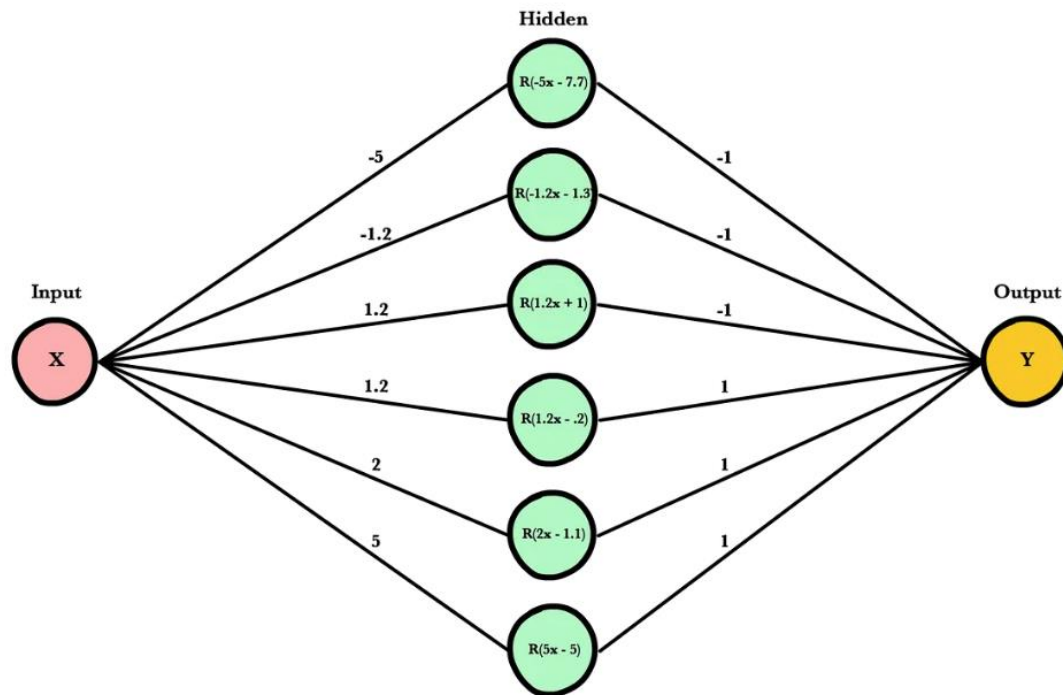


Output layer (for regression): $\mathbf{b} = (b_1, \dots, b_k)$

Output layer (for classification): $\text{softmax}(\mathbf{b}) = (p_1, \dots, p_k)$

$$\text{softmax} : \mathbb{R}^K \rightarrow [0, 1]^K$$
$$\text{softmax}(\mathbf{z})_j = \frac{e^{z_j}}{\sum_{k=1}^K e^{z_k}} \quad j = 1, \dots, K.$$

Theorem (Universal Approximation Theorem) *Let A be any compact subset of $\mathbb{R}^n$ and let $C(A)$ be the space of real-valued continuous functions on A . Then, given any $\epsilon > 0$ and any function $g \in C(A)$, there exists a multi-layer feed-forward network $\mathcal{N} : \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ approximating g , that is, $\|g - \mathcal{N}\| < \epsilon$.*



$$\begin{aligned}
 n_1(x) &= \text{Relu}(-5x - 7.7) \\
 n_2(x) &= \text{Relu}(-1.2x - 1.3) \\
 n_3(x) &= \text{Relu}(1.2x + 1) \\
 n_4(x) &= \text{Relu}(1.2x - .2) \\
 n_5(x) &= \text{Relu}(2x - 1.1) \\
 n_6(x) &= \text{Relu}(5x - 5)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 Z(x) &= -n_1(x) - n_2(x) - n_3(x) \\
 &\quad + n_4(x) + n_5(x) + n_6(x)
 \end{aligned}$$

Training neural networks

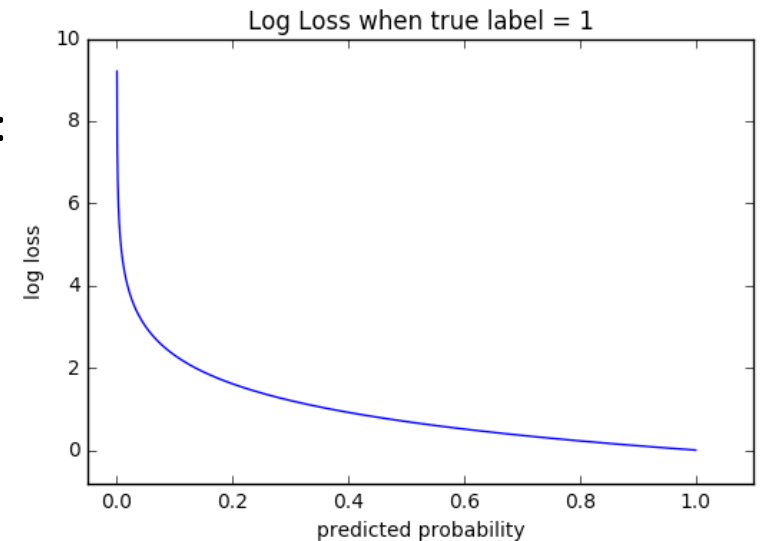
Input data $\{x \in R^n$ with expected output value $y \in R^k\}$.

1. Set an architecture: number of layers, number of neurons in each layer, activation functions, connections (CNN, full connected), output layers (regression, classification, **learning rate, stop condition**),...
2. Initiate the weights (usually randomly). Compute the output $\hat{y} \in R^k$ of an input value $x \in R^n$
3. Select a loss function E : for example $MSE(y, \hat{y}) = \frac{1}{k} \sum (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2$ for regression or cross-entropy loss for classification $LogLoss(y, \hat{y}) = -\sum y_i \log(\hat{y}_i)$
4. Adjust the weights using a learning method such that back propagation:

$$\Delta\omega_{ij} = -\eta \frac{\partial E}{\partial \omega_{ij}}(y, \hat{y})$$

ω_{ij} changes in a way that E always decreases.

Repeat the process until the stop condition is satisfied.



Our goals within REXASI-PRO

Main goal

Use **computational topology** to design new methods to achieve **explainable and green artificial intelligence models**.

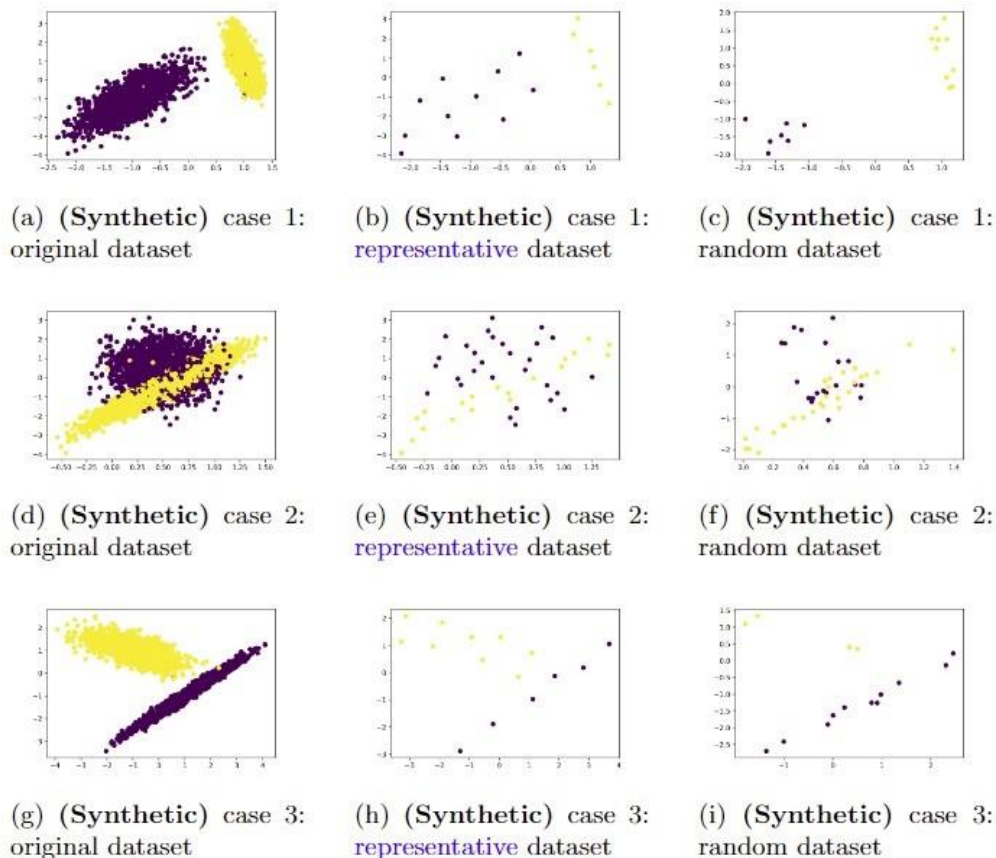
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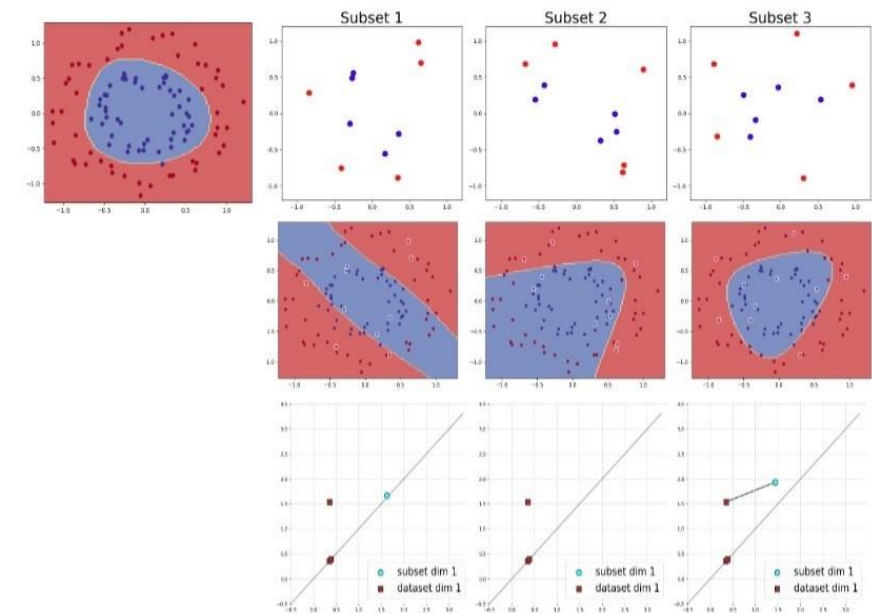
Our goals within REXASI-PRO

1. Topology-aware reduce the input dataset.

Topology-based representative datasets to reduce neural network training resources. Neural Computing and Applications, 1-17 (2022)



TOPOLOGICAL DATA QUALITY

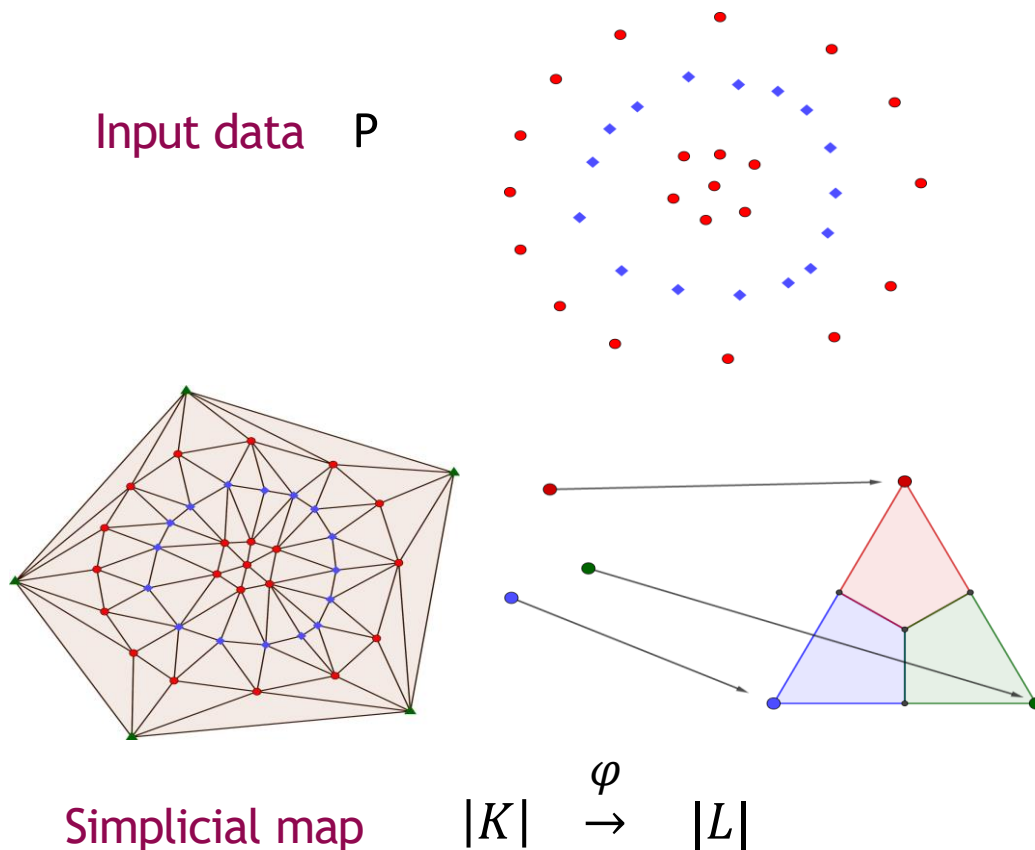


A Topological Approach to Measuring Training Data Quality. Arxiv (2023)

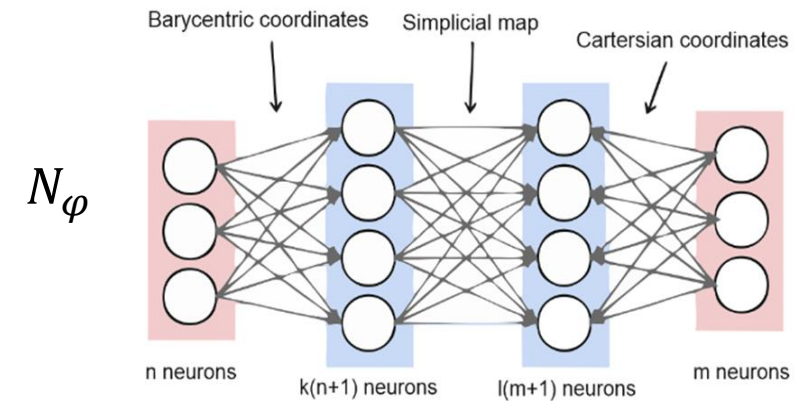
Our goals within REXASI-PRO

2. Build explainable models based on topology.

Two-hidden-layer feed-forward networks are universal approximators: A constructive approach. Neural Networks 131, 29-3 (2020)



Simplicial map neural network ($SMNN$)

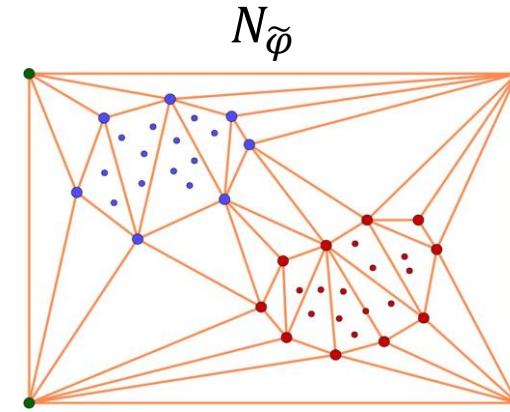
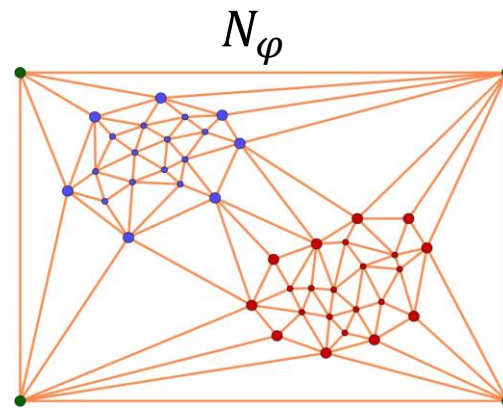
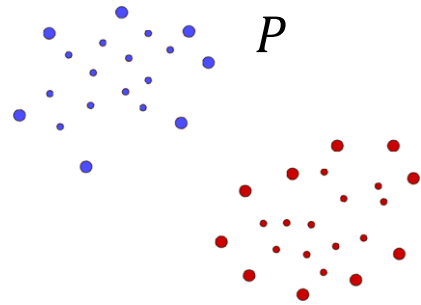


N_φ correctly classifies P

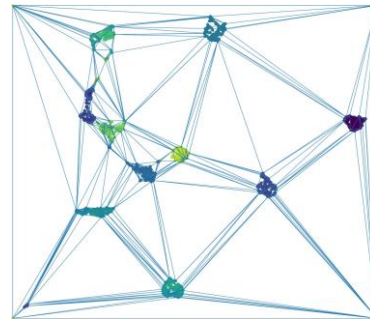
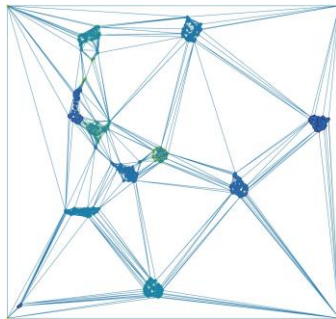
Simplicial-Map Neural Networks
Robust to Adversarial Examples.
Mathematics 9 (2), 169 (2021)

Our goals within REXASI-PRO

3. Simplify the model preserving its learning capacity.



Both N_φ and $N_{\tilde{\varphi}}$ correctly classify P



	Dataset Size	2-Simplices
Original	1801	3596
Reduced	604	305

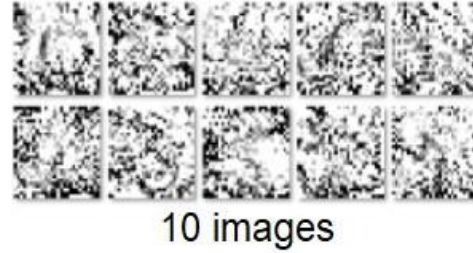
Optimizing the
Simplicial-Map Neural
Network Architecture.
Journal of Imaging 7
(9), 173 (2021)

Our goals within REXASI-PRO

4. Create synthetic samples that can quickly train a model.



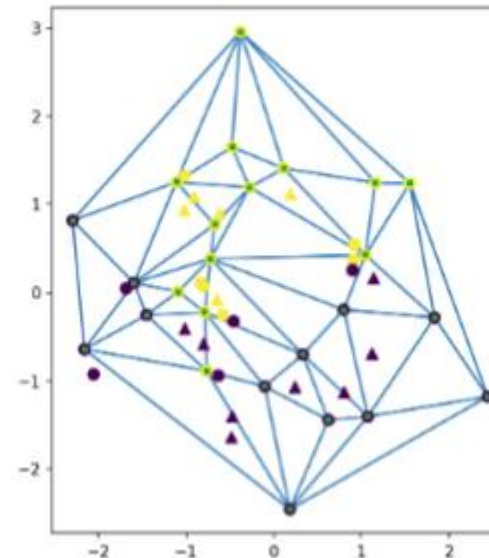
distill
→



Dataset Distillation

Tongzhou Wang^{1,2} Jun-Yan Zhu²
Antonio Torralba² Alexei A. Efros³

¹Facebook AI Research ²MIT CSAIL ³UC Berkeley



Explainability in
Simplicial Map Neural
Networks. Arxiv (2023)

Our goals within REXASI-PRO

New open position!!!

<https://investigacion.us.es/investigacion/contratos-personal>

Referencia: INV-IND-09-2023-I-015.

Relación de contratos convocados: 1.

Convocatoria: Convocatoria Indefinidos (IND) Septiembre 2023.

Dicho proyecto/ayuda/programa financiará el contrato por un período previsto desde **01/12/2023** hasta el **30/09/2025** (fecha fin del proyecto/ayuda/programa).

La actividad del presente contrato se desarrollará en el marco de una línea de investigación «*Computational Topology for Green Artificial Intelligence*», conforme a lo establecido en la convocatoria del proceso selectivo.

La dedicación será de **37,5 horas** semanales que se distribuirán conforme a la siguiente jornada laboral: **De lunes a viernes de 8:00 a 15:30.**

Retribuciones

El sueldo bruto mensual que percibirá el contratado ascenderá a **1.935,45** euros. En dicha retribución se encuentra incluido el prorrateo o parte proporcional de las pagas extras y cuotas a la seguridad social.

Links

<http://grupo.us.es/cimagroup>

<https://rexasi-pro.spindoxlabs.com/>

<https://www.deeplearningbook.org/>

<https://www.deep-mind.org/2023/03/26/the-universal-approximation-theorem/>

<https://cs.nyu.edu/~mohri/mlbook/>

<http://neuralnetworksanddeeplearning.com/>

<https://playground.tensorflow.org/>

[https://colab.research.google.com/github/google/eng-edu/blob/main/ml/cc/exercises/intro to neural nets.ipynb](https://colab.research.google.com/github/google/eng-edu/blob/main/ml/cc/exercises/intro%20to%20neural%20nets.ipynb)

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